١- تويل

8A No. 1 Hole

Goal

Demonstrate the feasibility of conducting methane pre-drainage activities from the surface using articulated drilling. Demonstrate a method to reliably de-water the horizontal well bore. Drill under balanced.

Problems

Wilson concurrence of well plan only at last minute
No clear project oversight from WellTech (prime vendor)
S.W. Jack rig was not set-up as required - make-up tongs/ dies; pull down capability
Wilson back-up directional hand inexperienced
Difficulty detecting when bit started to leave coal formation
Morning reports not available
Failed to reach target depth - torque & drag exceeded expectations
Flow Line not adequately secured
Rig floor progress plots were not kept up
Difficulty re-entering previously drilled sidetracks to clean holes
Pits leaked
Awkward vendor organizational structure - WellTech, Wilson, S.W. Jack

What went well

Perfect radius - intercepted +/- 2 ft of cavity Pump jack de-watering pump system

Lessons Learned

Involve field crews in well planning process
Use contract field engineer to oversee drilling operations
Have flow lines buried
Use correct drilling rig for the job
Clean-up drilling fluid in order to detect changes in formation
Take decisive action when bit leaves coal; pull back and sidetrack
Use MWD to get into previously drilled holes to flush

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

Dis-1

Articulated Drilling - Project Review

Problems

Organizational Planning Communication Supervision

Morning Reports
Progress Plots

Equipment - Pumps, Spares

Location - Pits

Start-up - Hole not deep enough, parts & supplies

Failed to Reach Target Depth - Torque & drag

Difficulty Detecting Floor & Roof

Flow line

Blowing holes clean - markers

Lessons Learned Steering



WILSON DOWNHOLE SERVICES

220 EAST 16TH STREET • TRAVERSE CITY, MI 48684 • 616-947-2977 • FAX: 616-947-2978

Division of Houston Engineers, Inc.

May 30, 1997

Mr. Joe Zupanick US Steel Mining Co. Pinnacle Creek Rd. Pineville, WV 24874

Dear Joe:

5/1/97

The following information is a breakdown of the daily activities, in hours, for all operations performed in that 24 hour period. This information is derived from the directional driller's daily reports and log books.

DAY #1 - TRAVEL

Move rig in and rig up. Wilson Downhole Services drillers

travel to West Virginia **DAY #2 - OPERATIONAL** Load drill pipe and drill collars on trailer and drive to location. 5/2/97 Depth 634' Trip out and load 43/4" drill collars and 31/2" drill pipe on trailer.......6 hrs. Hook up mud pumps and wait on directional tools......1.5 hrs. Unload directional tools & MWD equipment2.5 hrs. Pick up directional bottom hole assembly & MWD......3 hrs. Work on mud pump and reline mud pits5 hrs. DAY #3 - OPERATIONAL 5/3/97 Work on mud pump, 5 swabs leaking, liner not staying cool17.5 hr Depth 710' DAY #4 - OPERATIONAL 5/4/97 Depth 805'

August 27, 1997

To: Lawrence Stacy

Fr: Joe Zupanick

Re: Plan to mine into Articulated Holes on 8A (DW-1)

Current gas production is 160 mcfd (110 cfm) of methane.

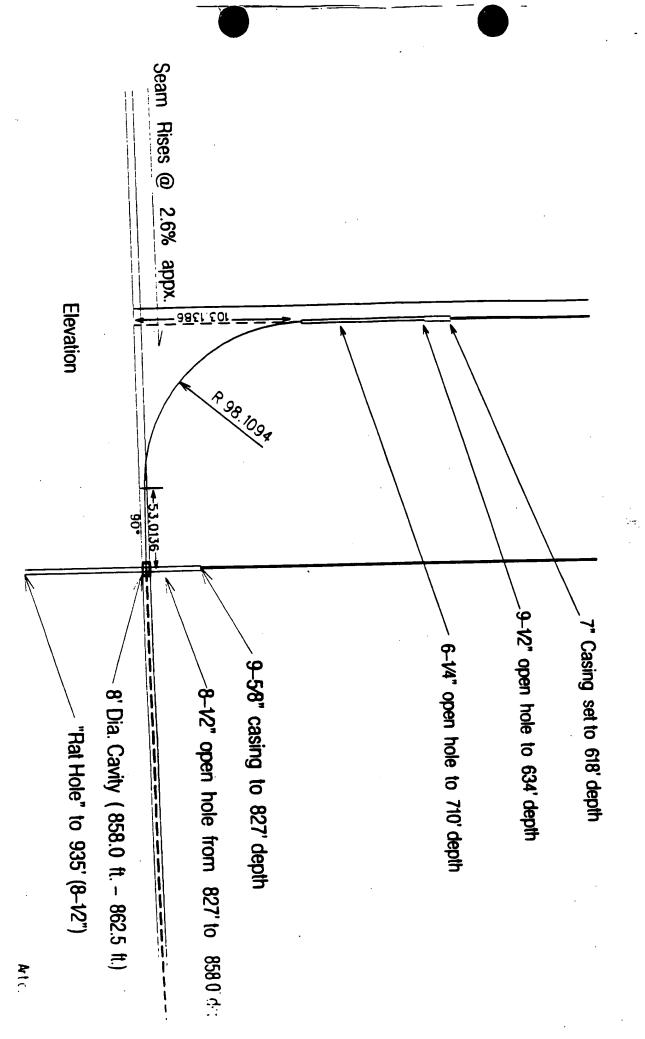
Compressor is pulling a vacuum on the hole. The vacuum control valve is set to control the compressor vacuum at the surface to -3.0 psig. This should provide slight pull of mine air into the borehole when mine connection is made.

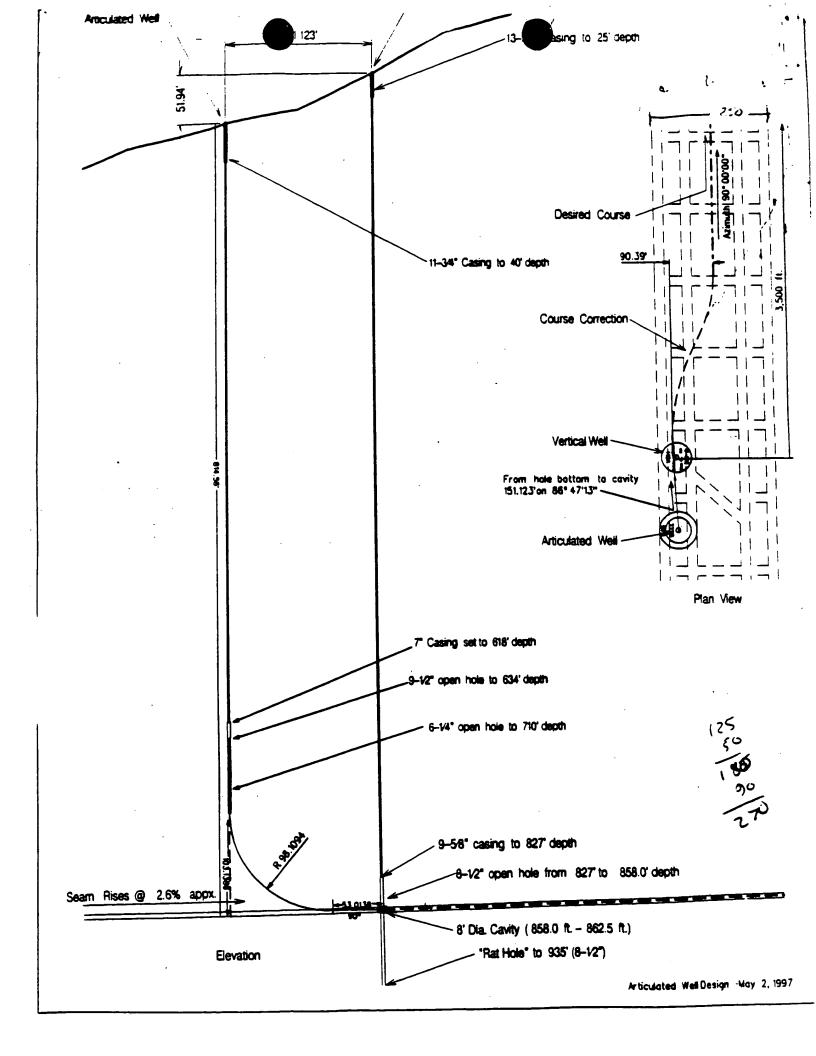
An oxygen sensor is set to kill the compressor engine at 6% O2 (30% air - 70% CH4). If too much air is pulled into borehole, the compressor will go off, thus allowing the entire gas production to flow into mine.

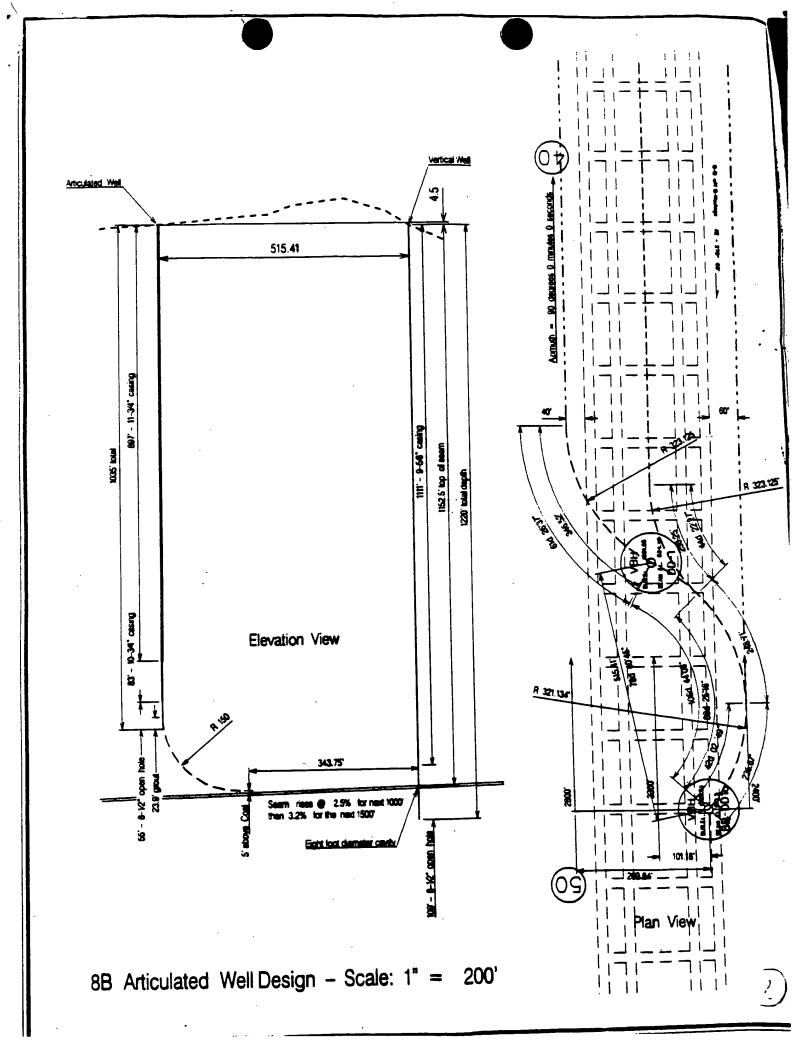
Because of risk of compressor shut down, CM unit should notify the computer room once hole is penetrated so that one of the surface people can go to the compressor location and adjust vacuum if necessary. The vacuum should be set to that necessary to pull slight vacuum into borehole at mine level. There is a 10 minute delay for air that enters the borehole to reach the compressor.

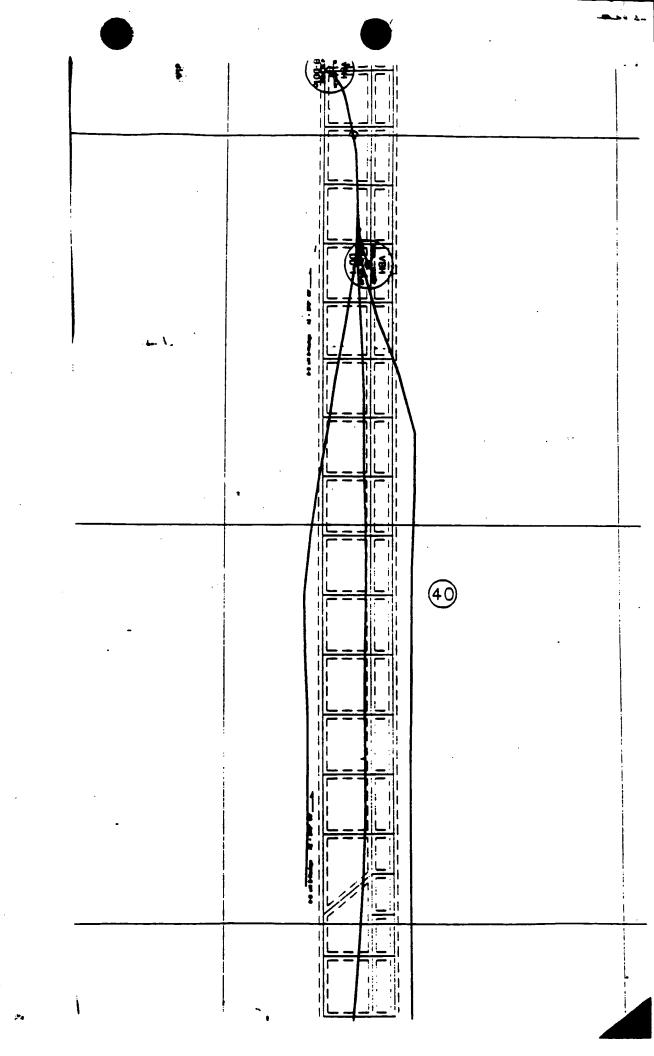
Computer room may see "high vacuum" alarm at this site. This vacuum alarm is tied to the oxygen monitor, and is set to alarm at 0.9 % O2.

If unacceptable quantities of gas flow from the hole into the mine, use a Tam LD-275 packer (orange and yellow) to plug the hole and seal off gas flow. This packer will inflate to seal the 4.75" diameter hole.









Dw-2

8B No. 1 Hole

A Last minute changes to well plan.

Goal

Increase time spent drilling coal. Attempt to use analysis of return cuttings (mud logging) to make predictive assessments of when the bit is starting to leave the coal formation. Use rig with adequate weight on bit capabilities.

Problems

No clear project oversight from WellTech (prime vendor)
WellTech rig was not set-up as required - make-up tongs
Wilson back-up directional hand inexperienced
Difficulty detecting when bit started to leave coal formation; mud logging inconclusive
Difficulty re-entering previously drilled sidetracks; cavity
Excessive tri-cone bit usage; required fishing job for bit cones and caps
Casing annulus too large; insufficient fluid velocity to carry solids
WellTech crews rotated throughout job
Problems with air; not enough pressure, no spare

Record keeping problems - missing sidetrack data

Bubble tube water level measurement becomes blocked
Low gas production due to damaged coal permeability

What went well

PDC bit held up well
Contract engineer supervision
Plotting hole path as drilling progressed
"Geolo-graph" rate of penetration (ROP) recorder kept record of rig performance
Portable toilets on location

Lessons Learned

All hole legs must pass through cavity; keep cavity hole close to articulated hole Best indicator of bit location is ROP Attempt to keep bit at top of coal seam; constantly slide "up". Have planed plot of hole on large scale map on which to mark progress Drill in inert environment; no oxygen, use bactericide in water Do not use flocculent chemicals to clean pit fluid

11/20/97

DW2-86				el pump
COA 1153 +0 115	7.5	T.O. 119		., 2,11
37 joints 2% =	1172	51 jaints	1"=1162"	46 34" Rods
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PHONE NO. : 15169338174



P.O. Box 87 * 5581 Rapid City Road * Rapid City, MI 49676-0087 (616) 258-0400 * Fex: (616) 258-0403

July 6, 1997

To: Mr. Joe Zupanick \ US Steel

From: Mr. Larry Thompson \ PET, Inc.

RE: General

I have been informed from AMT, that they are ready to start up the closed loop system, on Tuesday July 8th, 1997. I personally will return for this operation.

I spoke with Alex, yesterday evening. He informed me that the drilling was completed. We discussed the fluid in general to some length. We have worked on some other types of chemistry which has worked much better (in the Lab). As well I have discussed the fluid with Rich, about a week ago. It would appear to me that above ground could be drilled on a closed system, under balance using air, with a gas buster, in line before the tanks. A closed system has many quality features that an in ground system does not have.

I am bringing along with me 2 bags of the superabsorbent polymer (100%) that you requested. I will bring a particle size that I think will best serve your needs. In addition I will bring along 5 sample sizes for your review as well. Some additional interest has been expressed in these products, by Mr. woody Wyatt, & Mr. Roy O'Niel. We use virtually tons of these products annually for many applications. These products are very stable, easy to use, and perform very well in many different applications, with out increasing the waste mass.

I will see you the week of July 7th, 1997.

Best Regards,

arry

PINAL REPORT

Articulated Well 8B-DD1a Well:

State: County: West Virginia Wyoming

Project:

Coal Degasification

Elevation:

GL: 1985.51 KB: 1994.5

Formation(s):

Middle Penn. Allegheny / Poca Seam No.3

Spud Date:

kick / 6-10-97

Final TD:

Leg #1=3713' MD Leg #2=3604' MD Leg #3=3182' MD

Total days:

32 / boriz.

Cost of well(approx):

\$ 620,000.00

Date: Activity:

Rigging up WellTech rig #290 6/9

6/10 MIRUWilson directional equipment, start in hole bit through rig floor @ 8PM 6-10-97, Tilling coment @ 935'. Down 4 hrs. to replace leaking servel packing. Drill crustes to 1008' begin kick. Drilled sheed directional using und motor.

6/11 Drilled shead building angle. @ 1032' TOH bit worn budly on shanks 3 steel cage gone / in hole. Call for magnet. Till circ. and TOH; recurred 1 seed cap. weakers, ball bearings and magnet full of filings. THE w/ magnet city, and TOH command 2 seed cape, ball bearings and magnet fell of filings. Lay down magnet, pick up BHA and bit #2 (Smith MF37P w/ 3-16 jots) and TIH. Resumed drilling / using mod motor, building angle, surveys @ approx every 5'. Topped coal seam marker bed @ 1125' MD gr. datum. (projected top of No. 3 POCA SEAM @ 1169 TVD at 38' from Vert hole. Survey @ 7AM @ 1143' MD = N 57.9243 B, angle = 52.52 dag.

6/12 Drilled shead building angle through sundance, shale and siltatons to 1195' EB. TOH to change BRA. Stack in hole 2 hre, work pipe and circulate pipe true past tight spot @ 1100'EB. TOH w/ BEA & bit #2; moderate-bassy wear on sheaks. Change out BHA and pick up bit #3 (Smith MF156P w/ 3-16 jets) TIH, tag bottom at 1105' circ down to 1110', could not get to bottom, TOH, shanks were on bit #3. Pick up bit 84(Smith MP156P w/ 3-16 jets) TIR,tag bottom @ 1110' washed down to 1180' could not get to bottom. concern about possibly drilling a new hole. TOH, some west on bit \$4 (recunable). Lay down mad motor, pick up bir #5(Smith MF156P w/ 3-16 jets rerun from last hole) TIH without used unter to circulate down and close up hole.

TIR w/ bit #5, tag fill at 1130'MD, hook up swivel, arraints and rotate to bottom. Clean up hole, TOH, MIS 5/8" casing truck, pick up and run 22 jm 8 5/8" 1 23# casing w/ packer above bottom joint set down on bottom at 938. "5" gr, pucker at 893'gr (+-4' above bottom of 11 3/4" casing. Welder Chiricsoni casing support and set case 11 3/4" casing. Hippie up on 1 5/8" caising nipple. Pick up BEA and bit 64 (reres. Smith MP15GP (3-16/32") TIB. Deilled sheed building angle through annianous, shale and silustone.

Drilled sheed building angle through shale and sentences. Drilled through POCA Seem #3 @ 78 deg @ 1312' MD, 1161' TVD. build angle to 93 dag+, delled back into base of seam at at 1430' MD. Drilled rotate & drill sheed and out of top at 1533' MD, recreat tool, drill back down into top of scam at 1564' MD, then out again @ 1595' (prob. out through benom). Rections tool up, drilled sheed 6 feet, then drilled very fast and lost circulation at 1601' MD (see vertical hole) no returns. Attempt to serus fluid with sir computers at vert. hele. Heriz bele began u unlead, then stopped; Air beester could not unlead hole(s). Begin TOEL.

TOH with BHA & Mt 64, stopped half way out and uncoded hole by pumping sir. TOH check bit and TIH, extensive to drill, insufficient six volume to seruit find. Drilled sheed with finid. Drilled coal 1604' MD to 1620' MD,out of seem #5 (below) @ 1620'-23', is sum #3 @ 1634'-40' (below), out of seem #3 @ 1640'. 56' MD, lest two fact drilled at 15-20 min/ft. TOR u check bit, 3 greene cape missing from bit. Pick up 3.5° magnet and THE. TOH w/ magnet, returned 2 mm. Lay down magnet, pick up BHA & bit #6 (Smith MF15GP; 3-16/32") and TIR to start right cide tack leg with field while waiting for additional air

Articulated Well \$5-DC:a Report Page 1

- TIR and begin first by side cruck (South/right leg) w/ bit #6 @ 1249

 Prilled ahead (stiding) tag coal seam #73 @ 1309' MD and clid buck into old hale. Picked up and work one to try to find tide track and kick out of original hole. Batabilished a #3 leg to 1334' MD, TOH lay down moster. Two lagersoll kaming hick out of original hole. Batabilished a #3 leg to 1354' MD, TOH lay down moster. Two lagersoll kaming hole are compressed moved in frost Southerster. Penn. hook one to well, one at vertical well. TIR to 600' start air compressed at the well and air compressed of vertical well and the well and air compressed to the well and air compressed to the well and air compressed to the well and air compressed from 83-DD-1a to vert. well. TOH pick up bit #7 Smith MF15GP (3-16/32') and motor and compressed from 83-DD-1a to vert. well. TOH pick up bit #7 Smith MF15GP (3-16/32') and motor and compressed from 83-DD-1a to vert. well. TOH pick up bit #7 Smith MF15GP (3-16/32') and motor and compressed from 83-DD-1a to vert. well. TOH pick up bit #7 Smith MF15GP (3-16/32') and motor and compressed from 83-DD-1a to vert. well. TOH pick up bit #7 Smith MF15GP (3-16/32') and motor and compressed from 83-DD-1a to vert. well. TOH pick up bit #7 Smith MF15GP (3-16/32') and motor and compressed from 83-DD-1a to vert. well. TOH pick up bit #7 Smith MF15GP (3-16/32') and motor and compressed from 83-DD-1a to vert. well.
- TIR to drill shows in original most original hole. Tag #3 leg @ 1374' MD, could not get into original hole, TIR with hit #7 and BHA to extend original hole. Tag #3 leg @ 1374' MD, could not get into original hole, side track into coal summ #3 @ 1471' MD drilled should in coal seam to 1660' MD, went out of seam 1660' to 1687', then back into coal. Drilled to 1939' MD monthy in the coal w/ several short intervals just out of seam. Drilled out of coal at 1939 to 1975' MD. Pulled back to redrill shead from 1935' in the coal
- 6/18 Redrilled 1935' MD in coal seem \$3. Drilled sheet in coal from 1935 to 2128' MD. Drilling slowed drilled 2128'- 2143' MD, just below, not in coal. TOE check bit and BEA. Bit \$7 showed wear on sheets, one case ring missing. Pick up bit \$8; Smith MF15GP w/ diamond enhanced carbide on sheets of bit & 3-toy just, TIE. Drilled 2143'-2235' MD excessping to rise up into base of coal. McCoy Construction
- 6/19 Drilled 2143'-2315' MDestrospting to rise up into base of coal. TOE to check MWD, bit #6 and to add drill collers. Layed down bit #8 (moderate wear / remable), ck out MWD tools, picked up bit #9, and TIE work down hole through tight spot at 2000', add five (5) 6° drill collers to drill string. Drillahead up into coal soun #3 @ 2412' MD = 1123' TVD. (estimated #3 soun grade = 6% from 2128'-2112') Slid forward to drill string.
- Drilled in cost seem #3, sensupt to reduce 96.6 deg. incitation. Scraped top and out of seem at 2498' MD. Back into cost seem at 2533' MD. MWD: problem setting survey. TOR impact tool and hit #9 (Highe wear). Reven bit #9, MWD tools, BHA, tabing, 5 6' drill collers, add 4.3' drill pipe. Drilled along at top of cost from 2564' to 2632' MD. Appeared to drill out of top @ 2632' MD. Drilled to 2687' MD sesering bit down attempt to get back down & into seem #3.
- 6/21 Drilled to 2711' MD steering bit down assempt to get back down & into scam 63. Palled back to 2420' MD side track sliding to establish new hole, drilled aband, aliding and rotating in coal scam 63 to 2836' MD. Third Ingerted! Rand 900 six compressors surved in from Semmerter, Press.
- Drilled in coal to 2938' MD out bottom of seam @ 2938'=1108' TVD. Slid back up into base of seam @ 3005' MD = 1104' TVD. Drilled shead, sliding and rotating in coal seam #3 to 3079' MD, collars at base of 8 5/8' cosing, top of 4 3/4" hole. TOH to add taking below collars and to check bit/tools. Bit #9 through floor 8:15 PM, moderate wear on bit & loose cone. Lay down bit #9, Pick up bit #10, (Smith htrough (3-15/32") EN LM3532, TIH, week / swivel through tight spate.
- 6/23 THE w/ bit \$10, EHA, collers and drill pipe. On bottom 11:30 AM. Drill sheed in coal / stide and rouse through Poca coal seem #3 until collers close to 4 3/4" hole, to 3604' MD: total depth of #2 leg. Circulate and survey, by back swivel and start TOH.
- 6/24 TOH w/ drill string to 1430' MD key down drill pipe stand back collars. On bottom 2:00 PM, Begin #3 leg at 1436' MD. Drill in base of coal 1485' MD drilled out of top @ 1599 (draw rook at 1522'?) Bank into seem at 1630' 1636' MD. Drill rate slowed smal motor problem begin TOH at 4 AM. Bit through the floor east at 1630' 1636' MD. Drill rate slowed smal motor problem begin TOH at 4 AM. Bit through the floor @ 6:15 AM Lay down smal meter, MWD tool & bit #10 (good coadition / re-ramble). Pick up bit #11- (Smith MF15GP onhanced w/ diamond-carbide on diamin/skirts and carbide inserts to the side of greate
- 6/25 THE wish bit #11, REA & cubing, to continue log #3. On bottom 11 AM, drilled sheet back through the top of coal 1726' MD(1156' TVD), Delibed out of base @ 1780' MD back in 1833' MD(1153.5' TVD), Delibed sheet in seem #3 from 1833' 2310' MD.

Articulated Well CS-DDIs Report Page 2

- 11 jes roting, pick up and rea 3 (out top @ 2365') to 2372' MD, TOH, lay (1119' TVD). Drilled sloes top college and mart drilling w/ drill pipe. Back into the top of coal 2429 then out and ree just shove top. \$ 5/8° casing head weld broke & casing began to side down, that down ... Drilled sheed in a 5 hrs to get welder to repair it. Drilled sheet attempting to get back into top of Poza seem #5 - 2590'
- 6/27 Drilled should exacuspring to get buck down into top of Pocs seam #3. TOH for bit 2693' MD. Bit #11 work out (losse bearing, side west, 3 minsing greene cape). Lay down bit \$11, pick up bit \$12, TIH w/ SHA, subleg, 12 drill collars & drill pipe to 2430' MD and begin side track in cost, sliding downshieft.
- 6/28 Resablished elde track in coal seem #3 @ 2435' MD. Drilled sheed sliding & rotating in coal. Scrape base of seem from 2545 - 2583' KB/MD, then beck in. Drilled sheed in Pocs seem #3 to 2968'. Last 20 feet drilled slower (coller friction user bottom of 8 5/8" casing?). TOE to move drill collers up in the drill
- 6/29 Till-sid tubing below collect, drill sheed assempting to get back up into coal scans \$3. Up into scans @ 3112' MD (base @ 1095'TVD). Drilled sheed sliding & rotating in cost, then our of the top stilled to 3182'MD. Pulled back to 3110' MD attempt to side track unsuccentuily. TOR for bit. To begin leg #1 side track. Scrape been of some from 2545 - 2563' KB/MD, then back in. Drilled sheed in Poca some 73 to 2968'. Last 20 fast drilled slower (coller friction near bottom of \$ 5/8" casing?). TOH to move drill
- 6/30 TOH w/ok #12 (bad boaring), pick up bit #13; Smith MF15GP, SN LM3721, BHA, and THE Start side track hicking out Log #1 at 1515"htD/EB. Silds and rouse in coal to 1750" htD,out up of seem ● 1750". Drilled to 1779' MD, attempt to codece engin and bring bit back into coal unseccessful. 9:45PM TOH to check tools and BHA. He through floor @ 10:45PM, He #13 in good condition (reremble). He problem detected in mois/BRA. Pick up new und motor and his #14 GeoDiamont PDC model M208, estint no. 193911, 11:30 overt TIH, work drill sering bank into Log #1, stop in Peen men #3 at 1700' to side track / reduce
- Begin side track of Leg #1 at 1700'MD/KB. Slide and rotate in coal reduced inclination and drilled coal from 1700' to 1832' MD/KB, out base of seam @ 1832' -1862'MD. Drilled in coal scam #3 1862' to 2146' MD, out base of seam 2146' to 2158', back into coal 2158' to 2176' MD/KB, out base of seam 2176'MD 7/1
- Drilled should in Log #1 to 2066': Scraped shale (out of scene) @ 2146-58'MD, 2175-94'MD, 2517building angle to return up into scene #3. 2534'MD. Severs weether lightning, stopped drilling our hour. 1/3
- Drilled sheed in cont Log #1. Deitted out of coal 3042' MD. Drilled sheed extraopting to get into scan #3 to 3060'MD. Pulled 4 joints of de'll pipe to 2934', reorient in coal seem and clide reducing inclination. 7/3
- Drilled sheed in cost seem #3, Log #1 to 3144' MD. 1:45 PM; TOH to best of 6' collers, pick up 20 joints 2 7/8° tubing TDE, reven drill collects and resource drilling @ 7 FM. Drilled theed in cost stems #3 to 714
- Drilland sheed in cool seem #3, Leg #1, drilling stowed (out of seem @ 3691' MD). No longer able to elide or side track effectively, called total depth @5713'. Move six compressor to well sim, circulate six down drill string clean up leg \$1, TOH to leg \$3, TIH (swivel in as needed) to TD @ 3182' MD, circulate 7/5 w/ sir, clean up leg #3. TOH, TIH to clean out leg #2.

Plainting up class-out. 7/6

Articulated Well SB-DDIs Report Page 3

United States Steel Mining Co., Inc.

Drilling Summary

				Start in bole 6/11 SPM,	2 augnet mis 19hrs.			readed a circulated till							drilled into vertical well 0/13/7/		THE PRESENCE AND ANGER LATER OF CLEAR MILE		MAD & PAIN AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AN	Deck drilling of all assist 1/11 o yan			aleg with and law title Andrew	gint solding solding and the contract	formation formation a saled areas		Ceptare morer, bit a min v/23 of the					and to short and all of the Bot his	TO TO COOK OFF, ALL VE. THE LEV. THE	Th 7/5 o 8:101M, begin air cleasont		:-	
		•	Condition:	shanks wore/just		shants vorn/jent		shanks worn/junk		slight versserbible		shanks vors/rustble?			shaks wors/junk	:	shanks word jeak		(91	vern bearing 6	shaks/jeck	slight vert/rerrable		sors bearing/just		•	vors shakifremesble	:	vors shenksibearings/jush	1-1-1-1	BOLD BESTER! JEST		good cond./remainte	C and is been			
C.		10191711	forts:	-		•		1.5	,	33	,	~		***************************************	22		-		30) ML 6/16/	=		10.5		=		2	4	(19 total)	11.15	;	25.5		3.5			344 75	
			Pootage la-Out:	935'-1032' (leg2)		1011'-1197' (leg2l		(1105'-1110') rem		(1110'-1100') ream		(11301180.) fiil		-tas 0 5/0' casing	1110'-1656' (leg2)		1250'-1354'(leg2a)	(2a-side track)	-I.1./900 air compressors on location off 6/16/97	1249' - 2143' (leg2a)		1143'-2315' (legla)		2315'-1079' (leg2a)		3019 1604. (legla)	1(30,-169) (164))		1609' - 2695' (1eg3)		2430'-3162'(leg3a)	()a-nide track)	1515'-1779' (leg1)	1	1700'-3713' (Leg1)		Total retaring mere
	Dit record: (all 4 3/4°)		Sit) / Bodel	1/ Suith MYP	0065 171 65	1/ Suita 81771	SZ LAT 1829	1/ Suith M756P	525 W 1534	4/ Saitb RUISO	3 2	s/ Smith MP156P	11 IS	, ma	4/ Saith M7156P	3	(/ Saith 10150)			1/ Sit 1150	155E 13	of saith mysel	SE LEUR	9/ Saith 17/56?	SI LECTION	11/Seith NP1561	20 (2) 23		11/Saith M71569	es mass	1/with 181569	2567 B	Suith BPISGP	וננוח וצ	bedriamed ADAS	1 13311	

Articalated Well 8B-DD1a Report



Observations / suggestions regarding the Articulated Well 8B-DD1a.

-Although hole conditions contributed to slow trip time, early on the rig was not set up for, and workers did not appear to be trained for efficient handling of drill collars, which resulted in slower than sormal pipe trips in and out of the hole. Rig hands & tool pusher became familiar with how drilling rigs handle pipe/collars from Rich Molati (Wilson Downhole Services), they then were able to set up tools and handle equipment more efficiently, improving trip times significantly toward end of operations. Rich should be commended for his successful efforts. The time he spent assisting, training and supervising the rig crew however, although helping the drilling operations run better, must have strained his effectiveness as Wilson Downhole Services directional driller.

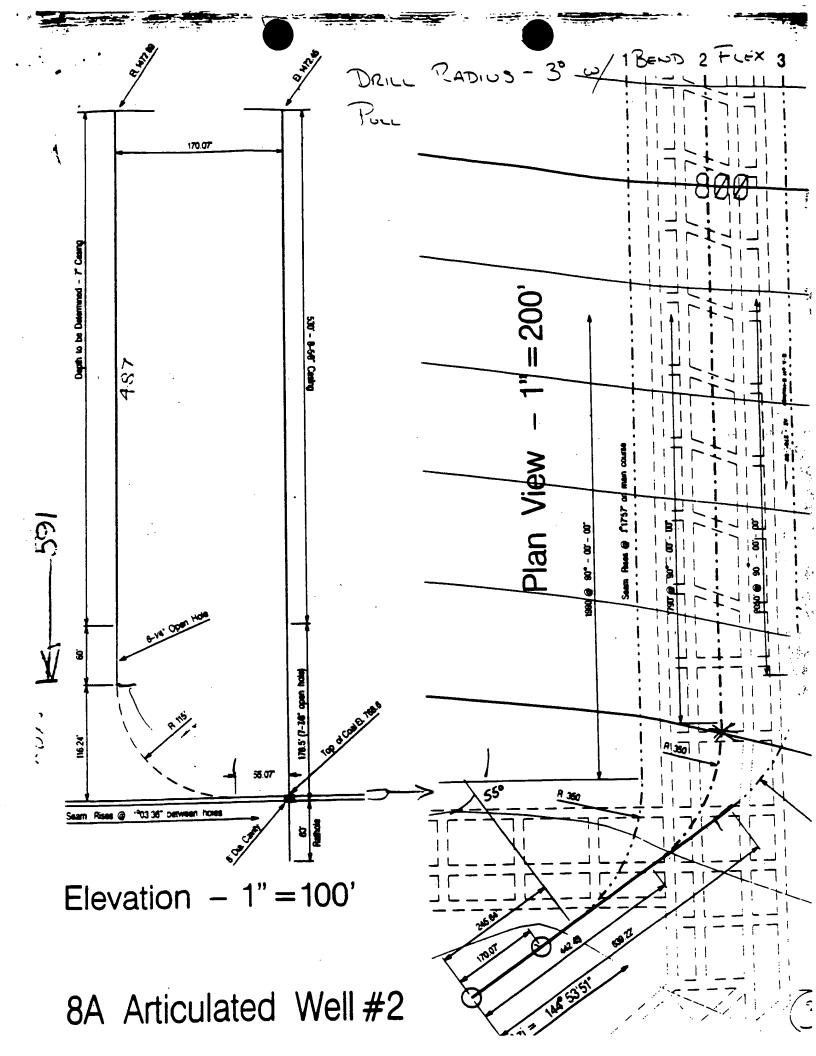
-After the vertical well bore was penetrated on 6-15 © 3:25 AM, the air package on site proved ineffective in circulating the horizontal well. Being that it was Sunday AM, the two compressors couldn't be brought in until Monday and they finally arrived © 7PM. Air assist drilling didn't start until 6-17 (Tuesday morning) © 9AM. During this 53hr + time period, the rig drilled shead 53' in the original hole and cut a 96' side track for the #3 leg, while waiting for air. In doing so the less than optimum his performance was prolonged for another day +. Had the sufficient air been on site and ready Sunday morning, it is probable that the original hole would have been extended without the delay, saving a day of time and perhaps a bit.

- The lack of annular velocity necessary to carry cuttings to surface probably was the major cause of the excessive bit wear early on. Of the fourteen (14) bits used in the course of horizontally drilling, the average rotating time before 8.5/8° was run was about 4 hrs., after 8.5/8° was run: 10 hrs. and after 8.5/8° with air assist: the tri-cones averaged approx. 25 hrs. The PDC bit however, had much better run time (62.5 hrs), appeared to stay in the coal better than the tri-cones and the fishing/magnet runs for grease caps could have been avoided, had PDC bits been run instead of tri-cones. It would seem appropriate to try a PDC bit early on in the next well.
- -The lack of pull down capacity reduced the ability to overcome drag, and therefore must have limited the potential horizontal extension of the legs. You are aware of this already.
- -The plan view and cross sectional graphs plotting the course of the bit through the coal were referred to often while drilling and helped in anticipating changes in the dip of the coal seam.
- -The geolograph (standard on most drilling rigs) was used extensively for reference as to depths, drill rates, and for recording purposes. The change in drill rates often indicated whether the hit was going out the top (gradual change) or out the base of the seam (a more rapid rate change).
- -Although not conclusive, cuttings analysis was helpful in determining whether the bit was cutting out of the top or the base of the coal. Also iron visible in cuttings indicated potential bit or casing wear problems.
- -A real time B-log such as a gamma ray log should be tried as an indicator of approaching top or bottom of a seam, which would allow the bit to be second cartier and avoid excusive dog legs. If this proved to be worked it would reduce bit wear (from drilling out of the coal) reduce drag and allow for more lateral extension in drilling of the legs.
- -Other observations: "Pet. Env. Tech., Inc. chemicals were effective in knocking solids out of the fluid.
 "Well site was adequate in size, although if had been any smaller it would have resulted in reduced efficiency.
 - Portable toilets were necessary and welcome by all who worked on location!

Joe, It was an interesting project to work with you on. I hope that my work met with your expectations and the these insights/suggestions are of help in improving future efficiency. Please call if you have any questions. Best of luck with the well(s),

Alex Sicilia.

Articulated Well 8B-DD1a Report Page 5



8B No. 1 Hole

Goal

Increase time spent drilling coal. Attempt to use analysis of return cuttings (mud logging) to make predictive assessments of when the bit is starting to leave the coal formation. Use rig with adequate weight on bit capabilities.

Problems

Last minute changes to well plan
No clear project oversight from WellTech (prime vendor)
WellTech rig was not set-up as required - make-up tongs
Wilson back-up directional hand inexperienced
Difficulty detecting when bit started to leave coal formation; mud logging inconclusive
Difficulty re-entering previously drilled sidetracks; cavity
Excessive tri-cone bit usage; required fishing job for bit cones and caps
Casing annulus too large; insufficient fluid velocity to carry solids
WellTech crews rotated throughout job
Problems with air; not enough pressure, no spare
Record keeping problems - missing sidetrack data
Bubble tube water level measurement becomes blocked
Low gas production due to damaged coal permeability

What went well

PDC bit held up well
Contract engineer supervision
Plotting hole path as drilling progressed
"Geolo-graph" rate of penetration (ROP) recorder kept record of rig performance
Portable toilets on location

Lessons Learned

All hole legs must pass through cavity; keep cavity hole close to articulated hole Best indicator of bit location is ROP Attempt to keep bit at top of coal seam; constantly slide "up". Have planed plot of hole on large scale map on which to mark progress Drill in inert environment; no oxygen, use bactericide in water Do not use flocculent chemicals to clean pit fluid When flushing holes with air, add 10 - 20 gpm fluid to prevent motor damage

8A No. 1 Hole

Goal

Demonstrate the feasibility of conducting methane pre-drainage activities from the surface using articulated drilling. Demonstrate a method to reliably de-water the horizontal well bore. Drill under balanced.

Problems

Wilson concurrence of well plan only at last minute
No clear project oversight from WellTech (prime vendor)
S.W. Jack rig was not set-up as required - make-up tongs/ dies; pull down capability
Wilson back-up directional hand inexperienced
Difficulty detecting when bit started to leave coal formation
Morning reports not available
Failed to reach target depth - torque & drag exceeded expectations
Flow Line not adequately secured
Rig floor progress plots were not kept up
Difficulty re-entering previously drilled sidetracks to clean holes
Pits leaked
Awkward vendor organizational structure - WellTech, Wilson, S.W. Jack

What went well

Perfect radius - intercepted +/- 2 ft of cavity Pump jack de-watering pump system

Lessons Learned

Involve field crews in well planning process
Use contract field engineer to oversee drilling operations
Have flow lines buried
Use correct drilling rig for the job
Clean-up drilling fluid in order to detect changes in formation
Take decisive action when bit leaves coal; pull back and sidetrack
Use MWD to get into previously drilled holes to flush

8A No. 2 Hole

Goal

Use gamma log while drilling (LWD) device to predict when drill bit is about to leave coal formation. Test the use of electra-magnetic (EM) tool for survey data link. Attempt to duplicate production seen in 8A No. 1 Hole, while decreasing time (cost) of drilling.

FIBERGLASS Bur Rug (PERFORATED W/ 1" HOLES THIN WALL 2-78"
FIBERCIASS 278 EUE(?) - PHG (FiBERGLASS THREAD) - PHG S03

76/45/6 C 0 0

P.O. Box 3046

Traverse City, MI 49685-3046

United States Steel Mining Co., L.L.C.

FINAL REPORT

Well:

Articulated Well 8A-DD-2a

State:

West Virginia

County:

Wyoming

Project:

Coal Degasification

Elevation:

GL: 1472.89 KB: 1475.0

Formation(s):

Middle Penn. Allegheny / Poca Seam No.3

Spud Date:

Final TD:

kick / 8-31-97 Leg # 1 = 847-3206'MD, Leg # 2 = 1111'-3233'MD, Leg # 3 = 793'-3680'MD

Total days Drillingkick: 13 / horiz.

Cost of directional well(approx):

\$ 307,000.00

Cost of project drilling(approx):

\$ 450,000.00

Date: Activity:

8/22-8-28 Waiting for purchase order (USM-Wilson negotiations)

-8/25 SWACO centrifuge & gas buster arrived at site, WellTech dozer assist turnaround truck.

Justice unload equip. & spot on location.

-8/27 Move Gene D. Yost & Sons rig #2 (Jasswell) in and spot equip.

-8/28 Move in steel pit and fillwith Fresh water, set up gas buster/centrifuge.

8/29 Rig up rig & flowlines.

8/30 Welding up flowlines.

8/31 7AM start making up BHA, TIH w/ 4 3/4" bit, 3 deg. mud motor, subs, collars and tubing. Start mud pump, fillhole, repair flow line leaks, replace swivel packing, start drilling @ 7:45 PM 8-31-97. Drilled from 589' MD to 624' MD. Got stuck during connection. Worked dril string free @ 1:15PM. Repaired swivel leak, resume drilling angle.

Drilled angle taking surveys every 5' MD. Top of Poca seam #4 at 642'MD, Drilled ahoto 703', circ BU, TOH. Lay down 3 deg. mud motor, and bit (bit #1 worn out), pick up deg. mud motor and bit #2 4 3/4" Smith MF15GP (used @ 8B-DD-1A) BHA & TIH. Re hole last 20'+-. Resume drilling 9PM 9-1-97. Drilled ahead to 717' MD. TOH to changle of motor. Pick up 4 deg fixed motor, TIH resume drilling 6:30 AM 9-2-97. Drilled ahead cutting angle to 730' MD

Drilled angle taking surveys every 5' MD. Top of Poca seam #3 at 731'MD, Drilled ou bottom of #3 seam continued sliding ahead to 773', circ BU, TOH. Lay down 4 deg. mu motor, and bit (bit #2 fair cond.), pick up 1.5 deg. mud motor and bit #3 "PDC" type, 3/4" GeoDiamond M20S, (recond. from 8B-DD-1A) BHA & TIH. Drilled ahead to 832' Mi missed target. Evaluated data, drilled ahead to 845' set drillstring at bottom, MIRU Down (from nearby job) pumped 22bbls fr.water attempt to frac into vert hole. Not successful Pick up drill string, TOH stop and resurvey hole from bottom to top.

th open ended tubing, MIRU Dowell; spot 60 sack kick plug @ 844'MD. Break circ. w/ .5 bbl fw, mix 60 sacks at 15.6 - 16 ppg, 12.5 bbl slurry Cl*A*cement 2% CaCl₂, plug down 12:40AM, 9-4-97. Remove Dowell connection, rig pulled 12 jts, hook up swivel and circ. 1/2 hr @ 480'; returned approx 10 gal cement water after 4 min. TOH. WOC.

WOC, TIH w/ bit #4 [Smith MF37DP, SN LM5973] tag cement at 480'. Drillingcement @ 10:40AM, drill to 584', TOH moderate wear on bit #4. Pick up 4 deg mud motor/BHA, TIH, begin kick @ 4PM 9-4-97. Drilled ahead to 667'MD, POCA seam #4 @ 653'-656'MD. TOH to change bit & motor. Bit #4 shanks worn. Pick up bit #5 [Smith MF37DP, SN LM5973] 2.12 deg mud motor/BHA & TIH. Drilled ahead to 707'MD, circulate to trip for higher

angle mud motor.

- TOH w/ bit #5 & 2.12 deg motor, pick up 3 deg motor & TIH rerun bit#5. Drilled ahead to 731'MD, TOH lay down 3 deg motor, pick up 4 deg. motor & TIH. Drilled ahead to 793'MD, TOH lay down 4 deg motor and bit #5 (worn on shanks, rerunable), pick up bit #6 [RERUN GeoDiamond M20S JR3911A], 1.875 deg mud motor/BHA & TIH, Drillahead to 808' lost circulation. Start air compressor on vertical hole, could not unload articulated well. Pump fluid into art. well, circulated up out of vert. hole, bring on air and surge back out of art. hole. Unloaded art. well.
- 9/6 Drilled ahead past vert. hole, began turn and head due East at approx. 1615'MD. Drilled due East to 2481'MD, in POCA seam #3.
- Drilled ahead due East in leg #3 to 2733'. Pulled 10 joints to check drag of drill string, unload hole with air, (guess) estimate gas rate @ approx. 70-100MCFPD rate, water @ approx. 8-10 GPM rate (+-300BPD). TIH and resume drilling. Drilled ahead in POCA Seams to 3427'MD, (occasionally scraping top and bottom shale beds).
- Drilled ahead due East in leg #3 to 3680'MD. Pulled 80 joints to start leg #2. Kick off at 1111'MD, drillazimuth to get due East, cut corner approx 49' wide. Drilled ahead in POCA; Seam #3 in leg #2 to 1944'MD.
- Drilled ahead in POCA Seam #3 in leg #2. Well making water while drilling at approx. 200 BPH. Justice vacuum trucks hauled 4 loads off of reserve pit. Drilled to TD of leg #2 3233'MD, @ 2:05AM 9-10-97. Circulate TOH to check bit and replace mud motor.
- 9/10 TOH to check bit and replace mud motor. Bit #3/6 in v. good condition one chipped too Pick up new mud motor w/ 1.875 deg < BHA TIH to 847'. Begin kick for leg #1, (North-leg). Drilled ahead in POCA Seam #3 in leg #1 cut turn to due East. Well made appr 10 Bbl/hr. water while drilling. Justice vacuum trucks hauled fluid off of reserve pit & hauled in 3 loads of gravel. Drilled ahead in leg #1 to 2072'MD @ 8AM 9-11-97
- 9/11 Drilled ahead to 3206'MD TD of leg 1 @12:50AM 9-12-97. Circulated clean fresh water t clean up leg. TOH w/ 99 joints (2 7/8"x 8.7#/PH-6) tubing and BHA, lay down motor, bit, bent sub, monell collars, pick up bent joint tubing, getting ready to TIH @ 8AM
- 9/12 TIH w/ bent joint tubing, MWD tools, and tubing to approx. 1500'MD, circulated clean fres water to clean up leg#3. TOH to 1111', TIH into leg #2 circulated clean fresh water to clean up leg#2. TOH lay down tubing BHA. Flow test vertical well at 250 MCFD+ rat while TIH. Out of hole @2:30AM 9-13-97. RDMO Yost rig; stacked on location.

United States Steel Mining Co., Inc. Drilling Summary

d: (all 4 3/4°)

/ Model	Footage In-Out:	Rotating Hrs:	Condition:
Smith MF37DP (new) SN LM 5974	489'-703' (curv)	3.5	shanks worn/junk
2/ Smith MF15GP (used) SN LM 3721	703'-773' (curv)	3.5	shanks worn
3/ GeoDiam'd M20S(refurb) SN JR3911	773'-844' (failed leg) 1.5	excellent condition
4/ Smith MF37DP (new) SN LM 5973	484'-583' (dress cmi	6.2	shanks worn/junk
5/ Smith MF15GP (new) SN LM 3477	583'-793' (curv)	3.5	shanks worn
6/ GeoDiamond M20S (rebuilt) SN JR3911 (bit 3 rerun)	793'-3680' (leg 3) 1111'-3233' (leg 2 847'-3206' (leg 1) Bit #6 total=) (11.75)	V. Good condition +
Total articulated well rote	uting bours =	72.45	

servations (Improvements from last well):

-Bits/drilling improvement:

-The PDC bit proved to be highly effective:

*in terms of drill rate, even in the beds above and below the coal seam/

*as far as durability; after 55.75 rotating hrs. it only had minor wear and could have conceivably been used to drill much longer. This eliminated many trips which would otherwise have been necessary (as in the 8B-DD1a).

-Only 5 bits were used in the drilling of this well; (3 without the plugged missed attempt) This compares with 14 bits used in the 8B-DD-1a, although other factors such as length of curve / radius and amount of highly abrasive rock penetrated contributed to the problems

-The shale shaker and centrifuge proved effective eliminating solids from being pumped back down the drill string which was probably a contributing bit wear factor in the last well.

-7" casing allowed higher annular velocity for more effective solids removal from the hole. The lower annular velocity attained in the 8B-DD-1a's 8 5/8" casing was also a possible contributing factor to ineffective cuttings removal and resulting bit wear and drill string

-Pull down improved drill rate, overcame drag and allowed for greater extension and made

the use of cumbersome drill collars unnecessary.

-Directional Guidance Accuracy Improvements:

-Gamma Ray tool allowed dir. driller to adjust angle of the bit path quicker and with more certainty, Shale shaker also resulted in better samples as indications of what was being

-As in the last well the geolograph helped for reference as far as depth, formation/drill rate and also for bit hour data and work recording purposes.

-Graphing plotting of surveys: The Cross section was replaced by the GeoServices' GR/TVD well plot. This was high accurate and readily usable, and was an enormous help as compared to the 8B-DD-1 where the plots were interpretations limited by poor samples and inexact drill rate information.

Suggestions/Recommendations:

*** Put liner under the centrifuge and shaker and direct the slope so that any leaks overs will drain into the reserve pit to avoid fluid escape off location.

*** Set up pump/hose which can be utilized to jet/clean pits as needed.

*** Continue the practice of stacking the tubing so that it can be handled efficiently, b out of the dirt/mud and can be tallied more easily.

*** As was mentioned in the well site meeting Friday 9-12-97: Keep regular communicati and reviewing of data between dir. drillers and MWD operators so that driller can respo more quickly when MWD info indicates a poss. "wrong turn" course.

*** Also as suggested by Rich Molski, more frequent surveys, although adding to the dri

time, could avoid or reduce wrong turns.

*** MWD continue to regularly update slope information (using top/bottom projections TVD/MD) to assist dir. driller in choosing the correct angle, and for reference usefu subsequent legs.

view plot generated in MWD trailer councilla in this connection, I recently heard someone as an additional ence. In this connection, project state appropriately that, "a picture is worth housand words".

** replacing the present tubing thread type with a type which allows for quicker handling Near term, future innovation to consider: during make up and break out operations, while being as effective and durable in

** using a pit with a bottom door, (in conjunction with a liner properly sloped to the reserve

pit) allowing for more efficient/less time consuming pit cleaning.

* look into a directional GR tool and reduction of distance between bit and MWD/GR tool: Long term, future innovation to consider: * look into a pull down rig with derrick which would save some time in handling pipe and

MWD tools.

Once again it has been very interesting working with you on this project. It was also v rewarding for me to see the implementation of previous recommendations improve the ove operation so dramatically. I am very pleased to have assisted you in that area. I hope that degas project continues to improve as I expect it will. Please feel free to call me or Rod if need any assistance, advice or if you have any questions regarding this project or report.

Best of luck with the well(s),

alla Licilia Alex Sicilia

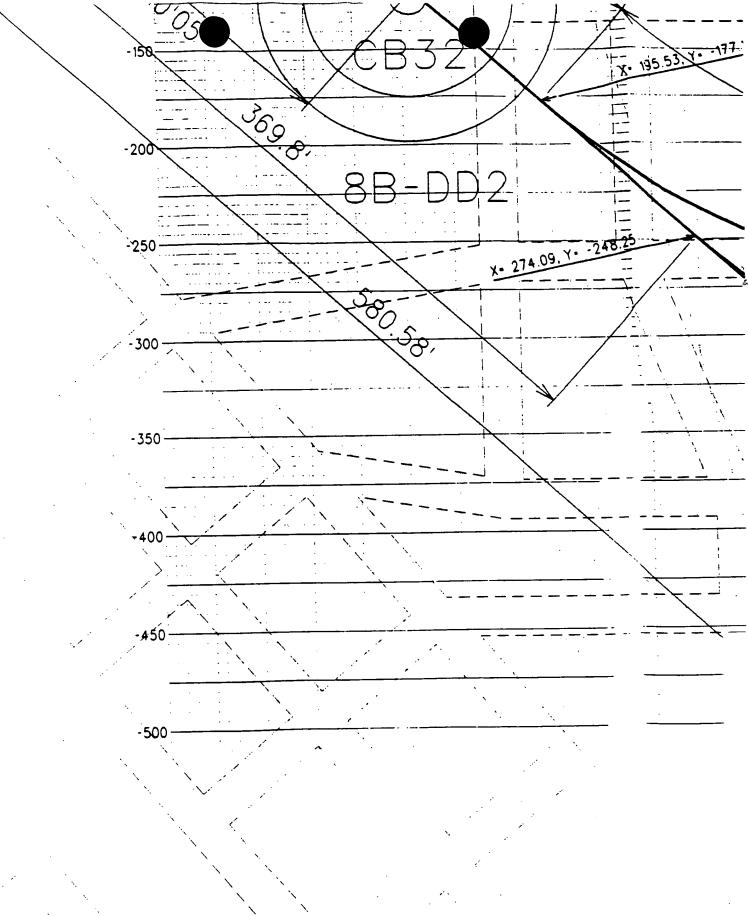
Consultant

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8B No. 2 Hole

Goal

Reduce cost of drilling operation by reducing non-productive time. Look for further efficiencies in drilling operation. Test extended reach (3200 feet) effect on torque and drag. Test well performance (gas flow) after drilling each leg. Evaluate the need to reclean all holes after all drilling is complete.



88 DD2 design Plotted Wednesday September 24 1997 at 08:19:56 AM EDT by tim

Well Plan 8B No. 2 Well

see attached survey sheet for course description

Leg 1 (First to be drilled)

Begin radius at hole TD (est. 625 measured depth). Drill with adjustable motor set to 3 degrees. Overall build rate in radius is 45 degrees/100'.

Enter top of coal seam. Trip out and switch to 1-1/2 degree bend motor.

Continue drilling to intercept cavity. Begin under balanced drilling.

After cavity, drill at AZ=132.17 for 400 feet. Begin left turn to Az=90 with 14.29 degree / 100 feet build rate.

Drill to 4826 md on 90 degrees azimuth.

Leg 2 (second to be drilled)

Pull back and side track at 1082 md. Begin left turn to 90.0 degrees azimuth with a 14.29 degree/100' build rate. (Turn may be begun 30 feet early if build rate is questionable).

Drill to 3952 md on 90 degrees azimuth.

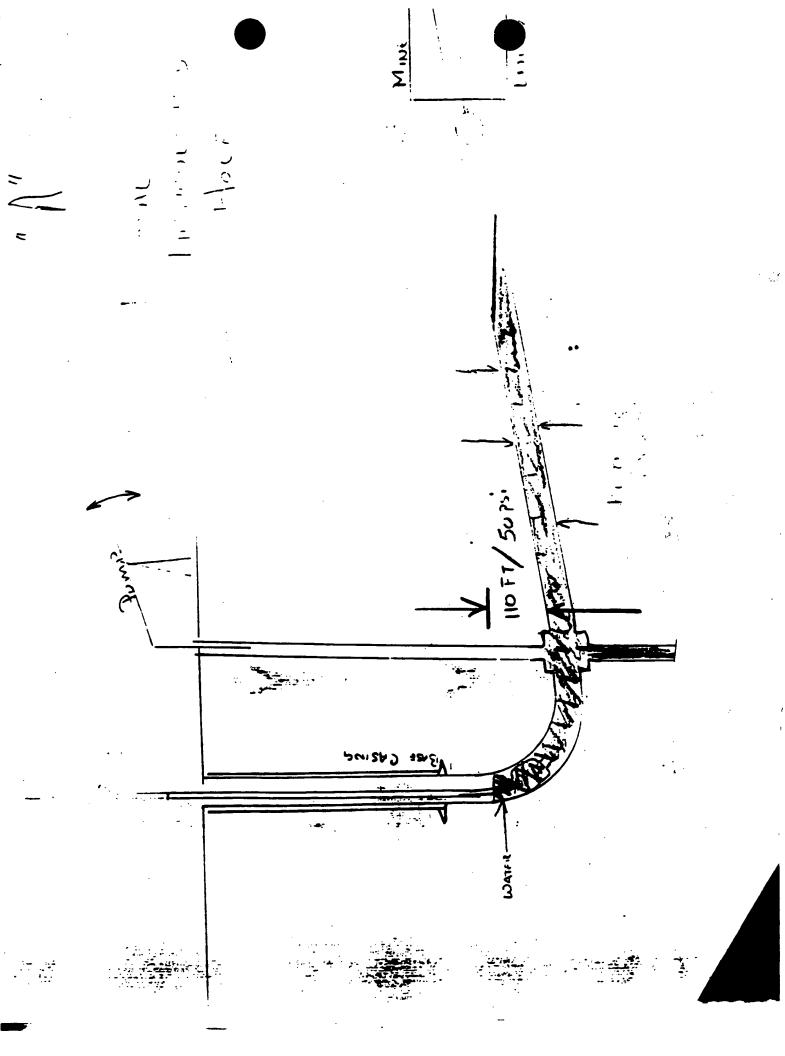
Leg 3 (last to be drilled)

Pull back and side track at 912 md. Begin left turn to 90.0 degrees azimuth with a 14.29 degree/100' build rate. (Turn may be begun 30 feet early if build rate is questionable).

Drill to 4714 md on 90 degrees azimuth.

Clean out

Trip out and remove motor. Use 2 degree bent sub and clean out holes 1 and 2.



U.S.STEEL MINING CO. LLC.

BB-DD2 GREEN HOUS HOLLOW

WYOMING CO. WEST VIRGINA

LEG # 3

DIRECTIONAL DRILLERS
RICHARD MOLSKI & KEN MCINTYRE
MWD/UNITED GEOCOM M.BRINSDON & D.GROELLE

Method Calculations using the Radius of Curvature 47.8333 E Vert. Sect. Dir. = S

Sev	.00 5.76 1.62 3.76	2.4.0 2.0.0 2.7.4	5.3 9.18 9.45	6.91 2.68 0.60 0.00 8.60	5.73 2.96 2.53 9.50
۵	88888	99898 44884	BBBBB 44404	EMENE THOOS	医医医医医
R E S Direction	46.1019 E 46.0079 E 45.8453 E 45.8835 E	46.0832 46.3567 46.7200 47.1760	48.3129 I 48.9667 I 49.5739 I 50.2967 I 51.0481 I	51.8902 E 52.6977 E 53.6419 E 54.5142 E 55.4932 E	56.4600 57.5983 58.6138 59.6809 60.6568
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C L O S Distance	234.23 239.21 254.19 271.19 286.17	303.12 318.03 332.88 347.63	378.80 395.21 409.58 424.68 438.57	453.16 466.68 481.77 494.80 508.30	520.53 533.90 545.45 557.71 569.24
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T.V.D.	758.50 758.34 758.03 757.67	55.2 55.2 55.2 55.3	755.80 755.52 754.99 754.50	754.04 753.79 753.40 753.05	753.21 753.82 754.32 754.58
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December 12, 1997

To:

Earl Cook

Boney Stacy

Jay Martin

From:

Joe Zupanick

Subject:

DW-4

In planning for the unexpected, please consider the following regarding the dewatering pump at DW-4:

When a pump failure occurs in a normal articulated hole: Residual reservoir pressure will continue to flow coal seam produced water into hole. Water builds only to residual coal pressure level (say 110 feet), then water flow into hole stops. (See diagram "A").

When a pump failure occurs in the DW-4 hole: Water inflow is from aquifer far above coal. Water level in the hole continues to rise past reservoir pressure. Water begins to infuse coal; water level continues to climb to 500'. Pressure on packer in mine exceeds 200 psi. (See diagram "B").

Rather than use low pressure "balloon" type packer, I suggest we use conventional "thru" type (TAM) packer to seal the hole. If surface pumping unit goes down, it will take 16 - 24 hours to change it out. During that time, we need to plumb the packer to 2 inch hose, and route the hose to return entry. Open the valve on the packer and allow water (and some gas) to flow out of borehole through packer, into return entry. Excessive water pressure would be kept off of the coal and the packer, thus preventing the "blow out" experienced with "balloon" type packers in the past. (See diagram "C").

Location Plat - 8B Articulated DeGas Wells - No.2 installation

Surveyed: 38-002a - 07/16 97: 38-002 - 08/15/07

8B-002a (Articulated DeGas)

North 50665,207 East -3261,945

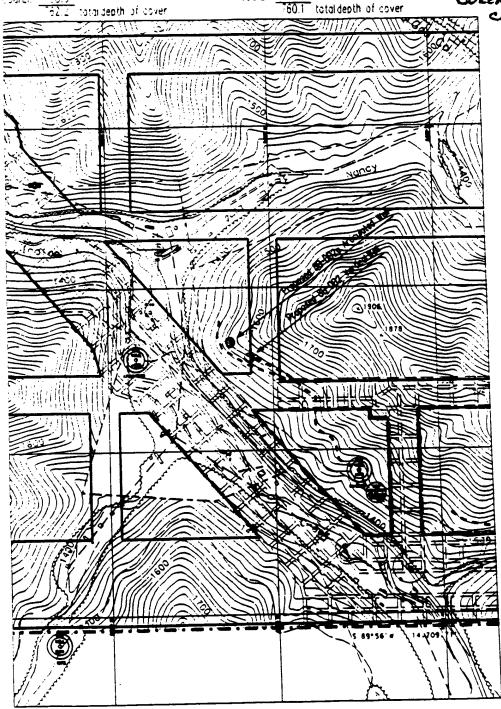
Erev (1520-15) <u>nya</u> • Ropo Elev Joanes <u>(158.5)</u>

38-002 (Vertical DeWater)

North 53569.398 East +3145.061

Elev. 1519.44 <u>n/a</u> • Topo Elev. Coal El. <u>759.3</u>

NOTE! DEPTHOR TO BE DETERMINED VERTICAL DE-WATER Bulehous to HAVE 8 CAVITY.



Prepared By:

Approved by (USM):

DW- 5

Comments from previous projects

Start drilling with pits empty rather than full.

Use more accurate method to line up subs (laser).

Have compressors plumbed to hole prior to start of project.

Find method to survey closer to bit.

Have telephone in MWD trailer,

Plan location, design lay-out of equipment.

- Have fiberglass joint ready for explosive charge.
- Remember, side tracks in coal drop angle.

Make target well above the coal seam.

Verify tool inspection for every connection that enter the hole.

Perform safety checklist prior to start of job.

Have pipe racks or tub on location at start.

When drilling coal, view MWD gamma / TVD plot every 30 feet (minimum).

Poor Start-up; Centrifuge plugged from not washed clean on previous job.

- Pumps need suction strainer to prevent leaves/trash from being pumped down hole.

Tank needs to be agitated so that centrifuge can continuously clean fluid.

Drilling must stop when solids control is not functioning.

Communications! Must have telephone contact.

First shot was not landed at correct depth.

Second shot (Austin powder) didn't have enough force. (10 feet of 1-1/4" permissible):

Third shot didn't land correctly. Should have re-run another fiberglass joint.

Need to keep better recordsmotors changed out at what depth.

What type of motor are we using? Do we know what flow rate we should be using? We are using 90 gpm... why?

Fiberglass joint need to be well perforated.

First radius overshot cavity... waited too late to change over to 1.88 motor.

Need to have progress meeting with project engineer at 30° 45° and 60° of angle

- Running upside down worked well, need to recognize effect of magnetic of motor.
- → Don't put locations on top of the mountain. Too much TVD.

Look for air lift valves.

HWD - 5 trips for MWD 4 failures, 1 software

Cavity and Radius holes are too close together. Space further apart. Find cavity by side track rather than explosives.

Attempt to sidetrack into cavity ... projected build only gives 4 feet of distance. (Why attempt for 4 feet).

Fire Drill - Conduct fire drill... Where are extinguishers; How many are available?

Need third driller, especially while building radius.

Have Float sub made to minimize distance from survey tool to bit (Acme x PH6)

Have phone communications with rig at any remote cavity hole site.

Use pressure rated rotating head (400 psi min.)

Remember - build rate drops in last 30 feet above the coal. All but one hole has gone into the bottom. Average total build rate for top section of hole is 52 / 100'.

Survey at closer interval while approaching cavity.

Use the predicted average grade as a guide to steer up or down. Don't wait for gamma to indicate that we left the coal seam.

Have pressure gage on air lines. Gage on air compressor reads minimum unloading pressure.

All wells have lost azimuth angle in radius. Compensate from the beginning. Take immediate and decisive action to correct azimuth drifting from target.

Recognize battery life is not what we expect. Plan to change out during trips.

Need spare air compressor plumbed into system.

Welding on flow lines - Test with CH4 meter prior to cutting and welding. Be sure of environment within vessel or pipe before welding.

Plug ports on well head to keep rocks and debris from entering well.

Use collar below wellhead to restrain inner string on cavity hole.

Cement Jobs - Use 100 percent excess, circulate fluid in hole, cement, pull up, circulate out excess.

Calculations - Have calculations reviewed (checked) by others.

Smith Bits - rock bits don't seam to last as well as some others

Change Motors - Always some correction in tool face.

Running survey tool upside down - Apply correction for magnetic influence. Re-run surveys when tripping back in hole with 1.88° motor and proper non-mag spacing

Set steel pit on solid ground away from steep slope. Have pit level.

Run Gyro Surveys of both holes prior to start.

Verify the cavity is drilled to full 8' diameter.

Freeze protect water handling equipment. What isn't protected, install with grade and drains.

Documents - IADC rig activity sheet filled out accounting for every hour. Slide & rotate sheets kept in dog house and provided with survey data at the end of the job.

Use float valve above motor to keep from pulling "wet string" while drilling curve.

General Comments From Wilson:

Need oil-field type drill rig w/ 24 hour staff

Re-design drilling pit

Contract structure

Staff:

1 project engineer / one site supervisor

2 directional drillers

2 mwd operators

4 rig hands

WellTech must verify cavity completion to full diameter

Reserve pit on same elevation as location

Safety floatation device in reserve pit

Begin radius 120' off top of coal. Drill with 4° motor

Winter drilling... keep air on location to blow out flow line.

DAILY DRILLING REPORT

Report No.:

Date: 2/27/96

	U. S. Stee	Mining Compa	ny			RIG CONTRACTOR	CHAP Rig	#8	
	Pineville			V-014 N-0		WELL NAME:	DW-7		
LOCATION:		West Virginia		BHA NO.: SIZE:			857-2055	7	
DEPTH:	300	FOOTAGE:	/4			LAST CEG DEPTH:	464		
					DATA	10.000			
BIT NO.:	1 1 1 1	MFG.:		TYPE:		CUM. FOOTAGE:		DEPTH IN:	5
SZE: DULL COND.:	4 3/4	SERIAL NO.:	LP5256		3-16'8	CUM. HOURS:	0.75	DEPTH OUT:	
DULL COMP.	<u> </u>	DC:		Ofc:	-}	BAR: COMMENTS:	 	AVG. R.O.P.:	
GAUGE:		oc:		RPLD:		COMMENTO:	<u> </u>		
GAUGE.	-	100.	-	in co.		• x *** ::			
BIT NO.:		MFG.:	<u> </u>	TYPE:	+	CUM. FOOTAGE:	 	DEPTH IN:	
SIZE:		SERIAL NO.:		JETS:	+	CUM. HOURS:		DEPTH OUT:	
DULL COND.:		III:		OR	1	8/8:		AVG. RO.P.:	
		DC:		LOC:		COMMENTS:			
GAUGE:		OC:		RPLD:					
•				TON	OR DATA		, ×	•	•
DHM NO.	1	SZE:	3 3/6	BEND ADJ	4*	STABILIZER O.D. IN.		DEPTH IN:	51
CIRC. HRS. TOD	AY:	0.75	SER NO:		_PDM168	CROWN LIIGTH IN.		DEPTH OUT:	
CUM. CIRC. HOL	JRS:	0.75	TYPE:		PDM	BIT TO BEND LNGTH:	3.15	CONDITION:	
	E					ma madente la como			
DHM NO.		SCE:		BEND ADJ		STABILIZER O.D. IN.		DEPTH IN:	
CIRC. HRS. TOD			SER NO:			CROWN LHGTH IN.	+	DEPTH OUT:	
CUM, CIRC, HOL	JRS:	1	TYPE:	<u> </u>		BIT TO BEND LNGTH:		CONDITION:	<u> </u>
					MP DATA				
PUMP:			S. P. M.:	31		VOLUME G.P.M.		94.5	
				MPU	ID DATA				
MUD WT.:	Water	VIS.		W	C	TYPE	:	TEMP: F.	
				TIME	REAKDO	MN			
FROM	HRS.	1			8. THRU 24				
0:00		+						······································	
00:30	.5	Work on swive	el packing a	nd 4" valve					
01:30	1	Pick up P -10							
02:15	.75	Test MWD							
02:30	.25	PAU P-8							
03:45	1.25	Install Rotatin				<u> </u>			
05:00	1.25	Level Rig and	fix 4" velve	<u> </u>		<u></u>			
06:00	1.0	Test Mud							
06:15	.25	Work on Purn							-
07:00	.75	Test MWD	WE not syn	(A)					_
08:00	1.0	Rig up wire in	D D DAN M	Abole .					_
09:00	1	Chance and the	MIN back	x now (stuck in first joi	معلم الأنهار أور وم)			- ,
10:00	1.0	Run in MWD		Comment of the Co	- v A A A A	4			_
11:00	25	Trip in and in		naken .		,			-
11:1 5 12:30	125	Oriting by said	na from 51	4 to 588					
22:00	7.5	Trip out of ho	e to chance	outmotor					
23:00	1.0	Lay down rot	ting head	Break top dive s	ube and pick	up elevators			
23:45	73	Lay down P-1							
24:00	25	Lay down MV							
<u> </u>									
						1			
			Een	a storto	m) dece	Con 2/27/98			
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	<u> </u>								
				CO. REP.:					
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TODAY'S COST	:			DIR DRILL	IC Dented	NOTICE COMME	 }		
TOTAL CUM. C	08T:	\$ -		PHYTO OPER		ney / Tom Shyr			
					Ben	L. Isgitt			

Report No.: 21

3/1,4/96 Date: RIG CONTRACTOR: C H & P

COMPANY.	III S Steel	Mining Company			RIG CONTRACTOR:	CH&P
COMPANY: FIELD:	Pineville				WELL NAME:	DW-7
LOCATION:		West Virginia		BHA NO.:	JOB NO.	857-26567
DEPTH:		FOOTAGE:		SIZE:	LAST CSG DEPTH:	
				BIT DA	ITA	
BIT NO.:		MFG.:		TYPE:	CUM. FOOTAGE:	DEPTH IN:
SIZE:	 	SERIAL NO.:		JETS:	CUM. HOURS:	DEPTH OUT:
DULL COND.:		IR:		OR:	B/8:	AVG. R.O.P.:
DOLL GONGA		DC:		LOC:	COMMENTS:	
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SIZE:	1	SERIAL NO.:		JETS:	CUM, HOURS:	DEPTH OUT:
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		DC:		LOC:	COMMENTS:	
GAUGE:		OC:		RPLD:		
•				MOTOR	DATA	
DHM NO.	T	SIZE:	T	BEND ADJ	STABILIZER O.D. IN.	DEPTH IN:
CIRC. HRS. TO	DAY		SER NO:		CROWN LNGTH IN.	DEPTH OUT:
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PUMP	d .		3. P. M	MUD		
						PE: TEMP: F.
MUD WT.	.:	V13.:		WL:		PE: IEMP. T.
				TIME BRE		
FROM	HRS.			00:00 HRS	I, THRU 24:00 HRS.	
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07:00	7.0	Shut Down				
24:00	17.0	Rigging down	and moving	nig	·	
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fi .						
				CO. REP.:	Joe Zupenick	
VEOTERAL	COST			CO. REP.:	Joe Zupanick Barrie Bell / Darrell Bednorz	
YESTERDAYS	COST:			CHE DON LER	Bernie Bell / Darrell Bednorz	
YESTERDAY'S TODAY'S COS TOTAL CUM. (T:			CHE DON LER	Joe Zupanick Bernie Bell / Darrell Bednorz Ben L. legitt Jim Turner / Tom Shyr	

CEDX GAS

Self Bullius Fel. Selfs 250 Dulles, Testes 75849 (872) Stat-1888

February 16, 1986

Joe Zuperlick U.S. Steel Mining Central Division Box 396 Pineville, West Virginia 24874

Deer Jee:

CDX is pleased to offer and recurrenced a weithte consultant for the on-going drilling program at Presents. As we discussed, this consultant should provide short-term benefit to you on the drill wells prior to CDX's pending operation, and also provide excellent transition to CDX in the coming weeks.

CCDX has executed a contract with the consulting company Energy Operators, inc. CDX proposes to pass-through the costs of this consultant with no mark-up. The raise for the consultant are as follows:

Shand-by Rate: \$375/day

Customer Representative (Beginning February 21, 1998): \$750/day

Travel time is to be included as paid time

Expense Reimburgement (hotel, motel, food, communication, sinters; at will have receipts)

Personal automobile mileage to be billed at \$0.60 per mile.

Ficase signify your ecceptance of this arrangement below.

John C. Eldund, CCR Gas

Light Plant treesbourde

FEB 16 '98 17:22

9156861965

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SELECTION OF SELECTION OF SELECTION

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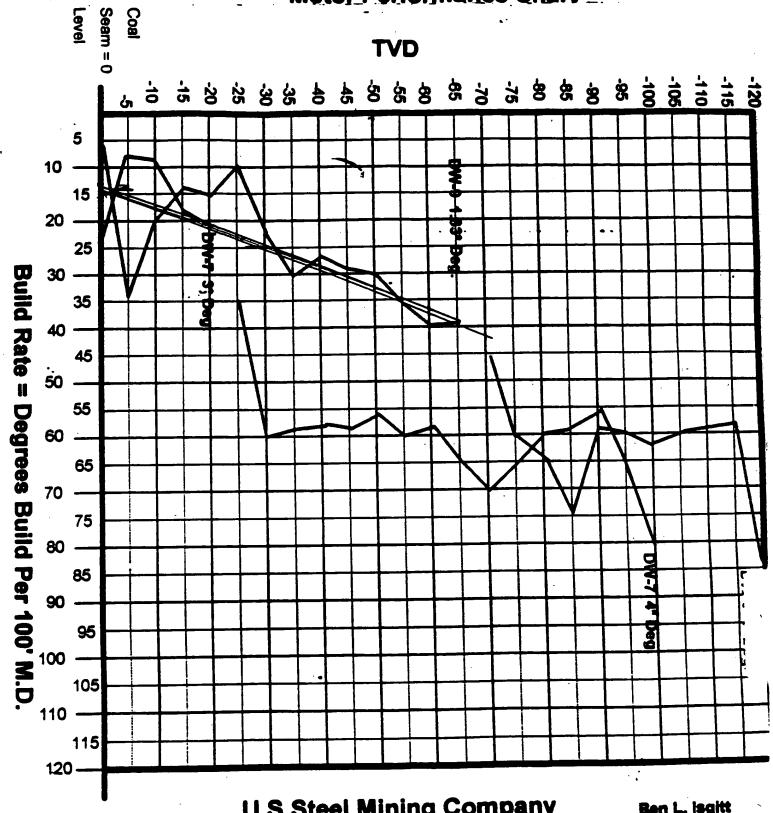
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Project Summary - DW-9

- Have well head below ground level prior to MIRU.
- Have plats, coordinates, and well diagrams prior to start of well.
- Accurately correlate position of Poca 4 Seam while drilling. Do not attempt to re-log with bit turning.
- Start curve with 4 degree motor 5 feet lower (105 above coal). Consider designing curve for 3 degree motor. Can we get a 3.5 degree motor?
- Need summary of build rates for 1.8, 3.0 and 4.0 degree motors at different intervals (coal, immediate roof & floor rock, main roof rock). Too much guessing about performance while good historical data exists.
- Have flow lines to gas buster set up with cut-off valve in order to test connection with cavity well.
- Have swedge on hand in order to pressure up on well to connect with cavity if necessary.
- Safety line in pit.
- Have extra rig phone at steel pit and at off site compressor location.
- Modify steel pit (shorter).
- Install pressure gage in air compressor lines. Record pressures in rig report daily.
- Have water pump at creek supply water. Don't pay to haul water 300 feet.
- Keep bactericide in pit water. Add 1/2 jug per day. Record in rig report daily.
- Blow line (air) from gas buster must be steel. Line must be very short or be restrained.
- When drilling greater than 3000' MD, additional time spent in 15' check shots may be worth while.
- Well becomes over-balanced at 4100' MD (pits loose water). What is annular pressure at this depth?

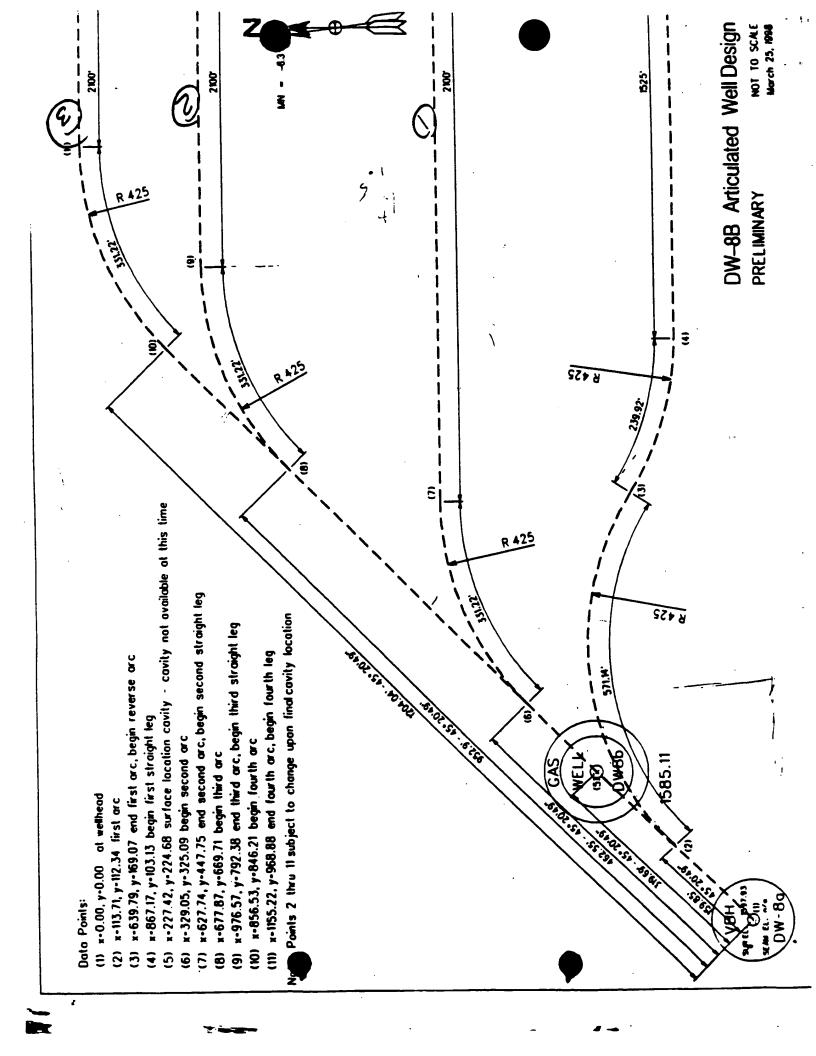


Motor Performance Chart



U S Steel Mining Company Pineville, West Virginia Wells DW-7 & DW-9

Ben L. isgitt Wilson Downhol Engineer



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CONTROL OIL/COAL RUN OFF HAVE HAY ON SITE

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